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FROSSES BOG

Views About Management

The Environment (Northern Ireland) Order 2002 Article 28(2)

A statement of Environment and Heritage Service's views about the management of Frosses Bog Area of Special Scientific Interest ("the ASSI")

This statement represents the views of Environment and Heritage Service about the management of the ASSI for nature conservation. This statement sets out, in principle, our views on how the area's special conservation interest can be conserved and enhanced. Environment and Heritage Service has a duty to notify the owners and occupiers of the ASSI of its views about the management of the land.

Not all of the management principles will be equally appropriate to all parts of the ASSI and there may be other management activities, additional to our current views, which can be beneficial to the conservation and enhancement of the features of interest. It is also very important to recognise that management may need to change with time.

The management views set out below do not constitute consent for any operation or activity. The written consent of Environment and Heritage Service is still required before carrying out any operation or activity likely to damage the features of special interest (see the Schedule on Pages 2 and 3 of the attached Document B for a list of these operations and activities). Environment and Heritage Service welcomes consultation with owners, occupiers and users of the ASSI to ensure that the management of this area maintains and enhances the features of interest, and to ensure that all necessary prior consents are obtained.

MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES

Raised bogs are a unique habitat for wildlife. Environment and Heritage Service would encourage the maintenance and enhancement of the bog, through the conservation of its associated native plants and animals.

Bogs depend on water and maintaining a high water table is vital to the "health" of the bog. In addition, the peat soils and many of the species that grow there are very sensitive to physical disturbance.

Specific objectives include:

Where necessary, encourage the blocking of drains to prevent the bog from drying out.

Ensure that disturbance to the site and its wildlife is minimised through the control of peat-cutting, grazing, burning and drainage.

Prevent the loss of light-demanding peatland species through the control of scrub and trees, including self-sown pine trees.

Discourage non-native species, especially those that tend to spread at the expense of native wildlife.

Maintain the diversity and quality of habitats associated with the bog, such as scrub and woodland through sensitive management. These adjoining habitats can often be very important for wildlife.



C McParland
Authorised Officer

Dated the 4TH of MARCH 2004